

Sanitary Engineering BEG 364 CI

Year: III

Semester: II

Teaching Schedule Hours/week			Examination Scheme						Total Marks
			Final				Internal Assessments		
			Theory		Practical		Theory	Practical	
L	T	P	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks			
3	1	2/2	3	80	-	-	20	25	125

Course Objective:

The course aims at providing the students with a fairly advanced knowledge of the sewerage system, sludge treatment and its disposal

Course Contents:

1.0 Introduction (2 hrs)

- 1.1 Importance of waste water and solid waste management
- 1.2 Objects of sewage disposal
- 1.3 Sanitation systems: conservancy system and water carriage system
- 1.4 Types of sewerage systems: combined, separate and partially separate systems

2.0 Quantity of waste water (3 hrs)

- 2.1 Sources of sanitary sewage
- 2.2 Factors affecting sanitary sewage
- 2.3 Determination of quantity of sanitary sewage
- 2.4 Methods of determination the quantity of storm water: tangent method; limitation of rational method

3.0 Characteristics and Examination of Sewage (5 hrs)

- 3.1 Sewage sampling
- 3.2 Different characteristics of sewage: physical, chemical and biological.
- 3.3 Decomposition of sewage, aerobic and anaerobic reactions
- 3.4 Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) and chemical oxygen demand (COD)
- 3.5 Tests, of solids, DO, pH-value, brief review of, water supply, BOD, COD, Nitrogen, chloride demand, chloride

4.0 Design and Construction of Sewers (5 hrs)

- 4.1 Typical design periods, flow velocity, flow diagrams, hydraulic formulae and gradients
- 4.2 Shape of sewers
- 4.3 Sewer materials: requirements, salt glazed stoneware, C.I. and cement concrete pipes
- 4.4 Design of the sewer for separate and combined systems
- 4.5 Construction of sewer: excavation, laying, joining of sewer testing of sewer: water test, air-test

- 5.0 Sewer Appurtenances (4 hrs)**
- 5.1 Manholes, drop-manholes and lamp-holes
 - 5.2 Street inlets
 - 5.3 Catch basins
 - 5.4 Flushing devices
 - 5.5 Sand, Grease and oil traps
 - 5.6 Inverted siphons
 - 5.7 Sewer outlets
 - 5.8 Ventilating shaft
- 6.0 Sewage Disposal (6 hrs)**
- 6.1 Meaning and objects of sewage disposal
 - 6.2 Disposal of sewage by dilution: Process, essential conditions for dilution, Self-purification of streams, factors affecting self-purification, oxygen sag curve, Streeter-Phelps equation
 - 6.3 Disposal of sewage by land treatment: process, suitability of land treatment, methods of land treatment irrigation, over land flow and rapid filtration
- 7.0 Sewage Treatment (10 hrs)**
- 7.1 Objects of treatment and different treatment methods: physical, chemical, biological
 - 7.2 Preliminary treatment processes: racks or screens, skimming tanks, grit chamber, sedimentation, and chemical precipitation
 - 7.3 Secondary treatment processes and their types
 - 7.4 Principles of biological treatment, principal of suspended and attached growth process
 - 7.5 Sewage filtration, intermittent sand filter, contact bed trickling filters, bio filters and design of trickling and bio-filters
 - 7.6 Activated sludge process: theory, design and aeration, advantages and disadvantages of the activated sludge process
 - 7.7 Oxidation ponds: functions, theory and design
- 8.0 Sludge Treatment and Disposal (4 hrs)**
- 8.1 Sources of sludge and need of treatment
 - 8.2 Aerobic and anaerobic digestion
 - 8.3 Methods of sludge treatment: grinding and blending , thickening, stabilization, dewatering, drying, compositing and incineration
 - 8.4 Methods of sludge disposal: spreading on land, lagooning, dumping, and land filling
- 9.0 Disposal of Sewage from Isolated Buildings (4 hrs)**
- 9.1 Privies: Pit privy, ventilation improved pit latrine, and pour-flush latrine
 - 9.2 Septic Tank: design, construction, working and maintenance
 - 9.3 Disposal of septic tank effluent: drain field, soak pits, watching, Evapotranspiration mounds
- 10.0 Solid Waste Cesspools and Evapotranspiration Mounts (2 hrs)**
- 10.1 Types and characteristics of solid waste
 - 10.2 Collection and disposal

10.3 Methods of solid waste disposal: dumping, sanitary landfill, incineration and composting

Laboratories:

- (i) BOD and COD tests.
- (ii) Bacteriological: Membrane filter, most probable number.

Field Visit:

Field visit of a sewerage treatment plant, group presentation and submission of individual report to the respective teacher.

References:

- B.C. Punmiya, Sanitary Engineering, ,Laxmi publisher
- P.N Modi, Sanitary Engineering, Standard book house
- G.S. Bridie, Water Supply and Sanitary Engineering, Dhanpat Rai and Sons Publishers